History Department: Curriculum Overview 2023-24

1C Tudors, 1485-1603

Year 12	Terr	n 1	Ter	rm 2	Te	rm 3	
(3x 100 mins)	7 Weeks [11 lessons]	7 Weeks [11 lessons]	6 Weeks [9 lessons]	6 Weeks [9 lessons]	6 Weeks [9 lessons]	7 Weeks [11 lessons]	End Points
Topic	Henry VII, 1485-1509	Henry VII, 1485-1509	Henry VIII, 1509–1547	Henry VIII, 1509-1547	Instability and consolidation: 'the Mid-Tudor Crisis', 1547– 1563	NEA: The British Empire in India	
Skill	_	nts and exploring concepts, as rel	levant, of cause, consequence, ch	aluate the key features related to tange, continuity, similarity, differe past have been interpreted.	-	All Assessment Objectives	To understand the significance of historical events, the
Content	 Henry Tudor's consolidation of power: character and aims; establishing the Tudor dynasty (3 lessons) Government: councils, parliament, justice, royal finance, domestic policies (4 lessons) Relationships with Scotland and other foreign powers; securing the succession; marriage alliances (4 lessons) 	 Relationships with Scotland and other foreign powers; securing the succession; marriage alliances (3 lessons) Society: churchmen, nobles and commoners; regional division; social discontent and rebellions (3 lessons) Economic development: trade, exploration, prosperity and depression (2 lessons) Religion; humanism; arts and learning (3 lessons) 	 Henry VIII: character and aims; addressing Henry VII's legacy (2 lessons) Government: Crown and Parliament, ministers, domestic policies including the establishment of Royal Supremacy (4 lessons) Relationships with Scotland and other foreign powers; securing the succession (5 lessons) 	 Society: elites and commoners; regional issues and the social impact of religious upheaval; rebellion (3 lessons) Economic development: trade, exploration, prosperity and depression (2 lessons) Religion: renaissance ideas; reform of the Church; continuity and change by 1547 (4 lessons) 	 Edward VI, Somerset and Northumberland; royal authority; problems of succession; relations with foreign powers (3 lessons) The social impact of religious and economic changes under Edward VI; rebellion; intellectual developments; humanist and religious thought (3 lessons) Mary I and her ministers; royal authority; problems of succession; (3 lessons) 	 India in 1857 and the beginnings of the Raj Interpretations of British Rule in India Indian nationalism and the campaign for self-governance British India in 20th century Partition – its legacy and impact 	role of individuals in history and the nature of change over time. Gain a deeper understanding of the past through political, social, economic and cultural perspectives. Provide the knowledge and skills they require to succeed as A-level historians
Prior Knowledge Required	Tudor family tree Geography and connections with the European mainland	Feudal hierarchy The beginnings of the European Reformation	Henry VIII's marriages and dynasty Power structure of government	Impact of the Reformation and the development of the Church of England	Impact of the Reformation and the development of the Church of England	The British Empire	
Feedback Points	Extracts Practice Essay Question	Extracts Practice Essay Question	Assessment Window 1 – Essay Questions	Extracts Practice Essay Question	Extracts Practice Essay Questions	NEA - draft	
Direct Vocab Instruction	 Who were the Tudors and where did they come from? How far did everyone accept Henry Tudor as king? What was the aim of Henry's foreign policy? Consolidation Dynasty Council	Who were the Humanists? Treaties Nobility	 How was Henry VIII different from his father? How far was Henry's policies his or Wolsey's or Cromwell's? Who was Henry's greatest rival? Reformation Domestic Supremacy	 What caused the Pilgrimage of Grace? Was society prosperous under Henry VIII? How far did Henry VIII change the Church in England? Amicable Pilgrimage Repairs ance	 What were the problems of regency rule? How far did religious ideas change from 1547-1553? How far was the problem of the succession secured by 1553? Minority Regency 	 How did 1857 shape British and Indian relations? What are the differing interpretations on the British Raj? Who was campaigning for Indian independence? Was independence achieved? Mutiny Reprisals Swarai 	
	Council Succession Foreign Policy	Gentry Prosperity Humanism	Supremacy Annulment Cardinal	Renaissance Protestant Sermon	Accession Calvinist Counter Reformation	Swaraj Nationalist Partition Civil disobedience Sectarian Satyagraha	

| Standardised | Directed reading | Directed reading |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Homework | Own reading | Own reading |
| | Essay paragraph practice | Evidence research |
| | Extracts answer practice | Drafting the NEA |

2R The Cold War, c1945-1991

Year 12	Terr	m 1	Ter	m 2	Term	13	
(3x 100 mins)	7 Weeks [11 lessons]	7 Weeks [11 lessons]	6 Weeks [9 lessons]	6 Weeks [9 lessons]	6 Weeks [9 lessons]	7 Weeks [10 lessons]	End Points
Topic	The Origins of the Cold War, c1945–1949	The Widening of the Cold War, 1949–1955	The Widening of the Cold War, 1949–1955	The Global War, 1955–1963	The Global War, 1955–1963	NEA – British empire and independence of India	
Skill	substantiated judgem	and communicate knowledge and ents and exploring concepts, as r and evaluate appropriate source	elevant, of cause, consequence, o	change, continuity, similarity, diff	erence and significance.	All Assessment Objectives	To understand the significance of historical events, the
Content	 US, British and USSR relations in 1945: conflicting ideologies; tensions at Yalta; relations between Stalin, Roosevelt and Churchill; the breakdown of the Grand Alliance at Potsdam; relations between Stalin, Truman and Attlee Developing tensions: the Soviet Union occupation/control of eastern and southern Europe; Kennan's Long Telegram; the Iron Curtain speech; Cominform; the Greek Civil War and the Truman Doctrine on containment The USA's involvement in Europe: policy towards Britain and Europe; the launch of the Marshall Plan; US attitudes to Germany and Berlin 	 Conflict over Germany: developments within the sectors, including Bizonia and currency reform; the Berlin blockade; the creation of East and West Germany; formation of NATO US containment in action in Asia: the reconstruction of Japan and US-Japanese relations; support for Jiang Jieshi and policy towards China and Taiwan; the defensive perimeter strategy; support for South Korea; NSC-68 The Korean War: causes, position and aims of Kim II Sung and Syngman Rhee; attitudes and actions of the UN, USA, USSR and China; military involvement and settlement 	 Increasing Cold War tensions: McCarthyism in the USA and its influence in Britain and Europe; US dominance in the UN and role as 'world policeman'; the isolation of China Alliances and shifts: FRG and NATO; the Warsaw Pact; SEATO; Eisenhower, Dulles and 'brinkmanship'; the domino theory; attitude to French struggle in Indo-China; the Geneva Conference 	 Khrushchev and East-West relations: impact of risings in Poland and Hungary and Soviet intervention; the degree of 'peaceful coexistence', including exchange of visits and Paris summit Cold War rivalries: the extension of the arms race including ICBMs; the space race; sputnik and space flight; the Berlin Crisis and the U2 affair; the significance and impact of the Berlin Wall 	 Conflict in Asia: Indo-China under Ho Chi-Minh in the North and Diem in the South; formation of NLF; Kennedy's policies towards Indo-China and Diem's assassination Confrontation between the superpowers: US attitudes to Cuba and developments leading to the missile crisis; the 13 days; the significance of the crisis 	 NEA preparation, research and first draft Revision of 1945-1963 for assessment window 2 	role of individuals in history and the nature of change over time. Gain a deeper understanding of the past through political, social, economic and cultural perspectives. Provide the knowledge and skills they require to succeed as A-level historians
Prior Knowledge Required	Outcome of World War Two Communism and capitalism	Asian geography European tensions 1945-49	US political system	Consequences of nuclear weapons Conventional military equipment	Early Vietnam history Policy of containment	Basics of the British empire including timelines and milestones	
Feedback Points	Sources Practice Essay Question	Assessment Window 1 – full paper Sources Practice	Essay Question Essay Question	Assessment Window 2 – full paper Sources Practice	Sources Practice Essay Questions	NEA first draft	

Key Questions	 What were the challenges for the Grand Alliance at the end of the Second World War? Why did tensions develop between the superpowers in the late 1940s? 	 Who was most responsible for the development of Cold War tensions up to 1949? What was the geostrategic importance of Japan for the US? Why could the US proclaim the Korean War as a success? 	 Why did McCarthyism have an impact on US foreign policy? Which superpower benefited most from alliances formed in early 1950s? 	 What impact did Eastern European uprisings have on Soviet foreign policy? Who was most responsible for the development of the Berlin Crisis? 	 Why did US policy in Vietnam lead to increased tensions in Asia? Who benefitted most from the Cuban missile Crisis? 	 What is your judgement? What is your most compelling evidence to privet your judgment? What is your counter argument?
Direct Vocab Instruction	Collective security Reparations Pro-agrarian Imperialism Isolationism Veto Protectorate	Federalism Constitution Bilateral Sino Guerrilla	National Security Strategic Reserves Brinkmanship Indochina	Summit Intercontinental Ballistic Missile	Collectivisation Nepotism Vietcong Coup Covert	Mutiny Reprisals Swaraj Nationalist Partition Civil disobedience Sectarian Satyagraha
Standardised Homework	Directed reading Own reading Essay paragraph practice Source answer practice	Directed reading Own reading Essay paragraph practice Source answer practice	Directed reading Own reading Essay paragraph practice Source answer practice	Directed reading Own reading Essay paragraph practice Source answer practice	Directed reading Own reading Essay paragraph practice Source answer practice	Directed reading Own reading Evidence research Drafting the NEA

1C Tudors, 1485-1603

Year 13	Teri	Term 1 Term 2	Terr	m 3			
1C Tudors	7 Weeks	7 Weeks	6 Weeks	6 Weeks	6 Weeks	7 Weeks	
(3x 100mins)	[11 lessons]	[11 lessons]	[9 lessons]	[9 lessons]	[9 lessons]	[11 lessons]	End Points
Topic	Instability and consolidation:	Instability and consolidation:	The triumph of Elizabeth,	The triumph of Elizabeth,	Thematic Revision		
	'the Mid-Tudor Crisis', 1547–	'the Mid-Tudor Crisis', 1547–	1563–1603	1563–1603			
	1563	1563					
Skill	I -	_		aluate the key features related to			To understand the
	, ,	. •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ange, continuity, similarity, differe	ence and significance.		significance of
	AO3: Analyse and evaluate, in rela		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1			historical events, the
Content	Completion of NEA (3	Mary I and relations with	Elizabethan government:	Economic development:	Summary of each Tudor		role of individuals in
	lessons)	foreign powers (2 lessons)	court, ministers and	trade, exploration and	reign (1 lesson)		history and the nature
	Edward VI, Somerset and	The social impact of	parliament; factional	colonisation; prosperity	Foreign Policy (2 lessons)		of change over time.
	Northumberland; royal	religious and economic	rivalries (3 lessons)	and depression (3 lessons)	Governance (2 lessons)		l sistematical sis
	authority; problems of	changes under Mary I;	Foreign affairs: issues of	Religious developments,	Religious and Intellectual		Gain a deeper
	succession; relations with	rebellion; intellectual	succession; Mary, Queen	change and continuity; the	Ideas (2 lessons)		understanding of the
	foreign powers (3 lessons)	developments; humanist	of Scots; relations with	English renaissance and	Economy & Society (2		_
	The social impact of religious		Spain (3 lessons)	'the Golden Age' of art,	lessons)		past through political,
	and economic changes	lessons)	Society: continuity and	literature and music (3			social, economic and
	under Edward VI; rebellion;	Elizabeth I: character and	change; problems in the	lessons)			cultural perspectives.
	intellectual developments;	aims; consolidation of	regions; social discontent	The last years of Elizabeth:			
	humanist and religious	power, including the Act	and rebellions (3 lessons)	the state of England			Provide the knowledge
	thought (3 lessons)	of Settlement and		politically, economically,			and skills they require
	Mary I and her ministers;	relations with foreign		religiously and socially by			to succeed as A-level
	royal authority; problems of	powers (3 lessons)		1603 (3 lessons)			
	succession; (2 lessons)	The impact of economic,					historians
		social and religious					
		developments in the early					
		years of Elizabeth's rule (3					
Prior	The social and economic	lessons) The religious and economic	Governance by ministers,	Early problems facing Elizabeth	+		
Knowledge	changes under Henry VIII	changes under Edward VI	parliament and personal	The features and			
Required	Development of religious and	The succession under Henry	monarchy	characteristics of rebellions			
Required	intellectual ideas	VIII	Foreign policy of the previous	Characteristics of Tebellions			
	intellectual ideas	VIII	Tudors				
Feedback	Extracts Practice	Assessment Window 1 – full	Essay Question	Assessment Window 2 – full	Extracts Practice		
Points	Essay Question	paper	Essay Question	paper	Essay Questions		
		Extracts Practice		Extracts Practice			
Key Questions	What were the problems of	To what extent was there	How was governance by	Why did England become a	How did the reigns of the		
	regency rule?	a mid-Tudor Crisis?	Elizabeth similar and	world power under	Tudors change over time?		
	How far did religious ideas	What was the main cause	different to other Tudors?	Elizabeth?			
	change from 1547-1553?	of rebellions in this	Why was Scotland and	Did the Elizabethan			
	How far was the problem of	period?	Spain such a threat to	religious settlement work?			
	the succession secured by	Was Elizabeth able to	Elizabeth?	What was the Elizabethan			
	1553?	solve the problems of	Why were the poor a	'Golden Age'?			
		Edward VI and Mary I?	problem for Elizabeth?				
Direct Vocab	Debasement	Royal Injunctions	Factionalism	Monopolies			
Instruction	Mid Tudor Crisis			Golden Age			
Standardicad	Directed reading	Directed reading	Dispost od sop dia s	Directed reading	Povision		
Standardised	Directed reading	Directed reading	Directed reading	Directed reading	Revision		
Homework	Own reading	Own reading	Own reading	Own reading			
	Essay paragraph practice	Essay paragraph practice	Essay paragraph practice	Essay paragraph practice			
	Extracts answer practice	Extracts answer practice	Extracts answer practice	Extracts answer practice			

2R The Cold War, c1945-1991

Year 13	Terr	m 1	Ter	rm 2	Ter	rm 3	
2R Cold War	7 Weeks	7 Weeks	6 Weeks	6 Weeks	6 Weeks	7 Weeks	
(3x 100mins)	[11 lessons]	[11 lessons]	[9 lessons]	[9 lessons]	[9 lessons]	[11 lessons]	End Points
Topic	NEA & Confrontation and	Confrontation and	The Brezhnev era, 1972–1985	The ending of the Cold War,	Revision: 2R The Cold War,		
	cooperation, c1963-1972	cooperation, c1963-1972 &	& The ending of the Cold War,	1985–1991	c1945–1991		
		The Brezhnev era, 1972–1985	1985–1991				
Skill	substantiated judgeme	and communicate knowledge and ents and exploring concepts, as re	understanding to analyse and evaluence, characteristics, of cause, consequence, characteristics.	aluate the key features related to ange, continuity, similarity, different prary to the period, within its histor. The summits between the USA and the USSR, including Geneva, Reykjavik, Washington and Moscow; Reagan; star wars; Bush and the US response The collapse of Communism in the Eastern European soviet satellite states; the end of the Brezhnev Doctrine and significance of events of 1989 The ending of Cold War tensions in Asia: Afghanistan; the Americas: Cuba, Nicaragua and El Salvador; Africa: Angola	ence and significance.		To understand the significance of historical events, the role of individuals in history and the nature of change over time. Gain a deeper understanding of the past through political, social, economic and cultural perspectives. Provide the knowledge and skills they require to succeed as A-level historians
Prior Knowledge Required Feedback	Vietnam in the 1950s	peace talks; Northern victory; continuing problems in Cambodia; costs of war The extent of Détente up to 1979: the SALT talks; Ostpolitik and Helsinki accords; arms race; relations with China Impact of China so far in the Cold War	Caribbean including Chile, Grenada and Nicaragua Gorbachev and the ending of the Cold War: pressures on and significance of Gorbachev as Soviet leader; new thinking and practicalities: the importance of Soviet economic problems Reputation and philosophy of Margaret Thatcher	and Ethiopia; the end of the Cold War: the Malta summit and its aftermath, including the reunification of Germany; the collapse of the USSR and resignation of Gorbachev			
Feedback	Source practice	Assessment Window 1 – full	Essay question	Assessment Window 2 – full	Source practice		
Points	Essay question	paper Source practice	Essay question	paper	Essay questions		
		Source practice		Source practice			

Key Questions	What was the turning point for the US in Vietnam?	 Why can Nixon's policies in Vietnam be described as a failure? What motivated both superpowers to engage in Detente? 	 Why did the Cold War develop into a truly global event? What impact did the personalities of Cold War leaders have on developing tensions? 	 How did Gorbachev contribute to the end of the Cold War? Why did the USSR collapse? 	
Direct Vocab	Americanised	Vietnamisation	Unilateralism	Mujaheddin	
Instruction	Agent Orange	ARVN	Encyclical	Independence	
		ABMs	Politburo	Organisation of American	
		MIRVs	Glasnost	States	
		Revisionism	Perestroika		
		Cultural revolution	GOSPLAN		
		Cruise missile			
Standardised	Directed reading	Directed reading	Directed reading	Directed reading	Directed reading
Homework	Own reading	Own reading	Own reading	Own reading	Own reading
	Evidence research	Essay paragraph practice	Essay paragraph practice	Essay paragraph practice	Essay paragraph practice
	Drafting the NEA	Source answer practice	Source answer practice	Source answer practice	Source answer practice