Drama Department: Curriculum Overview 2023-24

Curriculum Intent:

Overview:

In Drama at Fullbrook, we actively encourage and inspire learners to develop a passion and resilience for performance, creation and critical reflection. Through our schemes, we promote and nurture confidence through independent learning and creative thinking, culminating in a qualification to best prepare students for examinations and life after Fullbrook.

Intent for specific year groups:

Introductory projects in Year 7 facilitate foundation skills in performance etiquette and audience sensitivity. These skills are then developed further in year 8 through investigative exploratory schemes that probe students to use their imaginations and logic and then apply this in both practical and theoretical performances (such as script writing and reviews). Throughout KS3, students are exposed to a variety of enjoyable topics that expand deeper thinking skills in both a historical and cultural capacity, deepening their understanding of Drama and Theatre and preparing them for KS4. Throughout KS4 and KS5, we continue to develop and help students apply an informed, analytical framework for making, performing, interpreting and understanding drama and theatre. Students are encouraged to independently investigate relevant theoretical research to help inform the processes and practices involved in creating theatre, resulting in a practical exploration. To prepare students for KS5 study, Year 11s practice advancing their understanding and appreciation of how the social, cultural and historical contexts of performance texts have influenced the development of drama and theatre.

Intent Conclusion:

Our aims through the drama curriculum cultivate around a desire to inspire tolerance and creativity through exposure to a range of opportunities to generate theatre through published scripts and devising original performances. This enables students to flourish as creators, performers and writers of drama.

	Tern	n 1	Te	Term 2 Term 3		rm 3	
Year 7	Half Term 1 [3-4 lessons]	Half Term 2 [3-4 lessons]	Half Term 3 [3 lessons]	Half Term 4 [3 lessons]	Half Term 5 [3 lessons]	Half Term 6 [3-4 lessons]	
Topic	Poetry and Performance Skills	Miming and Mirroring	Pantomime	Medieval Theatre	Melodrama	Documentary Theatre	End Points
Skill	Vocal Skills and Speaking for performance.	Physical Skills and movement for performance	Vocal and physical skills with stylised character focus.	Performing to historical conventions.	Physicalising stock characters. Vocal and physical exaggerated performance.	Exploration of emotional portrayal.	
Content	Demonstrate control over use of voice. Learn lines and organise a simple presentation. Experiment with their voices to create or present different characters in performance. Reflect on and evaluate their own and other pupils' work, suggest improvements and use correct basic theatre terminology Comment on how intended effects have been achieved, e.g. the use of silence	Create and perform a short miming sequence which demonstrates understanding of good miming technique e.g. creating a shared environment and use of objects. Establish a character with control over movement. Can work with a partner to organise a simple performance. Experiment with exaggerated movement to present a character to an audience. Can use the correct language when discussing and evaluating mime.	Give and accept suggestions and ideas during the rehearsal process Organise and present performances to a range of audiences for different purposes and in a range of styles Make good use of available technology to enhance and support their productions Select and control appropriate vocal and movement skills, with some subtlety and develop them in rehearsal Discuss and give reasons for their preferences in drama, based on their knowledge of theatre past and present, e.g. the use of stock character	Explore and interpret ideas, issues and relationships in their drama work, and structure it using appropriate dramatic forms for Medieval Theatre and conventions such as the use of the aside. Combine their skills and knowledge of drama to devise Morality plays. Sustain a defined character for a reasonable amount of time. Use an increasing range of different drama techniques, effects and theatre conventions in the plays presented Improve and refine their acting, directing or technical contribution through the rehearsal process Discuss the way that morality ideas are presented and represented, how plots are developed and characters portrayed	Prepare and learn a devised Victorian Melodrama play. Add simple theatrical effects such as a significant prop or item of token costume Use their voices and bodies to create characters and atmospheres, employing language appropriate to the role or character, e.g. using a more 'heightened" style of speech and movement to convey character when the situation requires it to enhance the work they perform to others Recognise different kinds of dramas e.g. Victorian Melodrama Talk about why they made certain decisions in their play and discuss how their work, and that of others, could be improved by more practice or better staging.	Explore 'Role on the Wall' (GCSE Drama technique) Plan and structure a play that make use of a range of techniques and forms to express their ideas, e.g. flashback, thought track Write and perform their own educative scripts, demonstrating an understanding of some correct theatre conventions e.g. split scene Learn lines, collaborate with others and organise simple presentations Experiment with their voices and movement, to create or present different characters in performance Discuss the themes or issues in the drama and the way they were presented.	
Prior Knowledge Required	None – not taught specifically at Primary School	None – not taught specifically at Primary School	None – not taught specifically at Primary School. Some students may have seen a production in theatres	Vocal and Physical performance skills (links to HT1 & HT2).	Vocal and Physical performance skills towards a target audience (links to Pantomime)	Vocal and Physical performance skills to educate an audience (links to Medieval theatre)	
Feedback Points	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	
Key Questions							
Direct Vocab Instruction	Pitch / Pace / Pause/ Tone / Volume / Projection Still Image	Body Language/ Facial Expressions / control / stillness/ physicality	Topical jokes Musical comedy Drag Cross dressing Audience participation Stock Characters Still Image	Morality Play Cyclical performance Theatre Wagon Omnipotent Biblical Texts	Stock Characters Thought Tracking Victorian Melodrama Hero / Heroine / Sidekick / Villain / Victim / Narrator Emotion Poses	Role on the Wall Realism Cross cutting Thought Tracking Still Image	
Standardised Homework	Selecting a poem Learning Lines	Miming research Rehearsal of mimed performance.	Pantomime Research Costume sourcing Line Learning	Morality Play Research Middle Ages quiz Line Learning	Melodrama Research Costume sourcing Line Learning	Reality Performance Research Middle Ages quiz Line Learning	

	Tern	Term 1		rm 2	Те	rm 3	
Year 8	Half Term 1	Half Term 2	Half Term 3	Half Term 4	Half Term 5	Half Term 6	
	[3-4 lessons]	[3-4 lessons]	[3 lessons]	[3 lessons]	[3 lessons]	[3-4 lessons]	
Topic	Commedia dell'Arte	'Blue Remembered Hills' by Dennis Potter	Murder Mystery	Devising Drama	'Big Al's Pizzeria'	'Constructed Reality'	End Points
Skill	Historical clowning	Character interpretation	Exploration of theatrical	Interpretation of a stimulus	Developing a TIE Performance	Character creation	
	characterisations	Performing a text.	structure.	Idea development	Interpretation of a historical	Character motivation and	
	Vocal and Physical explorations		Stock characters and motives		character	objectives.	
Content	Combine their skills and knowledge of drama to devise plays of different types to historical accuracy within the Italian clowning style. Use an increasing range of different drama techniques, effects and theatre conventions in the plays they present e.g. body prop, centre of gravity and adopting specific vocal and physical demands Relate, compare and contrast their work with drama from other times and cultures in most of the feedback that they give.	Interpret and rehearse a range of extracts from Potter's play sustaining character most of the time. Improve and refine their acting, directing or technical contribution through the rehearsal process Discuss the way that ideas are presented and represented, how plots are developed and characters portrayed. Combine their skills and knowledge of drama to rehearse an assessed extract they have been cast in.	Create and represent clearly defined characters from the written work, add depth and consider motivation/motive opportunity/alibi. Select and control appropriate vocal and movement skills, with some subtlety and develop them in rehearsal. Write scripts or short plays based on devised work, using appropriate theatre conventions Improve and refine their acting, directing or technical contribution through the rehearsal process Use correct terminology to describe their own work and begin to analyse how actors, technicians and directors have achieved specific effects or communicated ideas, emotions and feelings.	Devise dramas in various forms, based on a range of challenging issues and themes Give and accept suggestions and ideas during the rehearsal process Make plays which employ symbolic representations or effects to communicate meaning Create and represent clearly defined characters from the written work, add depth and consider motivation Organise and present performances to a range of audiences for different purposes and in a range of styles Discuss the way that ideas are presented and represented, how plots are developed and characters portrayed Use technical terms when talking or writing about dramas they have seen or participated in	Establishing an understanding of the 1920's historical gangster period. Exploring an interpretation of American gangster characters and able to incorporate into a dramatic story line. Developing se of the New York/ Italian Accent most of the time. Engaging as a company within Theatre in Education and understanding its values in society. Contributing towards a stage performance demonstrating an understanding of the Prohibition Era and ability to transform this into a piece of TIE.	Devise dramas in the form of a Reality Television Show, based on a range of challenging issues and themes Give and accept suggestions and ideas during the rehearsal process Make a reality-based play which employs symbolic representations or effects to communicate meaning Create and represent clearly defined characters from previous written work and character studies, adding depth and considering motivation Use correct terminology to describe their own work and begin to analyse how actors, technicians and directors have achieved specific effects or communicated ideas, emotions and feelings	
Prior Knowledge Required	Links to Yr7 SOWs: HT1/ HT2 and Pantomime	Links to Yr7 SOWs: HT1/ HT2 and Melodrama	Links to Yr7 Melodrama and Yr8: BRH	Links to HT1: Commedia dell'Arte	Links to Yr7 Melodrama and character work in Commedia and Murder Mystery	Links to Yr7: Documentary Theatre.	
Feedback Points	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	
Key Questions	10000000	1000000	1000000	1000000		15565561	
Direct Vocab	Clowning	Textual interpretation	Alibi	Stimulus	Speakeasy	Monologue	
Instruction	Gromalot	Subtext	Motive	Idea development	Prohibition	Conflict	
	Centre of Gravity	Characterisation	Red herring	Inspiration	Money Laundering	Realism	
	Stylised Performance		Climax		Theatre-In-Education (TIE)	Constructed Reality	
Standardised	Italian clowning Research	Dennis Potter Research	Murder Mystery Research	Stimulus Investigation	1920's Research	Reality Television Research	
Homework	Commedia Character quiz	WW2 Costume sourcing	Stock Character quiz	Costume sourcing	Costume sourcing	Costume sourcing	
	Line Learning	Line Learning	Line Learning	Devising evaluation	Line Learning	Realism key word quiz	

	Terr	m 1	Te	rm 2	Te	rm 3	
Year 9	Half Term 1 [3-4 lessons]	Half Term 2 [3 lessons]	Half Term 3 [3 lessons]	Half Term 4 [3 lessons]	Half Term 5 [3 lessons]	Half Term 6 [3-4 lessons]	
Topic	Greek Theatre	Stage Combat	Verbatim Theatre	Devising from a Film Script	Blood Brothers	Live Theatre Evaluation – 'Billy Elliot'	End Points
Skill	Choral speaking and movement Performance of a Greek text	Learning physical, choreographed moved to imply conflict on stage.	Verbatim performance Interpretation of fact and reality	Exploration of a script as a stimulus for Devising.	Exploration of a GCSE Set Text: character interpretation and exploration.	Writing about performances – analysing and evaluating an actor's performance	
Content	Create their own dialogue based from the historical event, 'The Trojan Horse'. Add theatrical Greek Chorus effects to create smooth transitions between scenes. Use their voices and bodies to create characters and atmospheres, employing language appropriate to the role or character, e.g., chanting, whispering, unison, canon Recognise different kinds of dramas, e.g., Greek Theatre Make simple connections between the dramas of the past and present.	Choose vocabulary and movement to match the person, place and time required by their story or situation Rehearse carefully planned stunts with consideration of safety to themselves and their partner(s). Understand how meaning can be shown through the simple use of symbol, metaphor or imagery, eg using height and distance to indicate status and relationships Both in and out of role, comment thoughtfully on the drama and suggest ways of improving it Reflect on the action taken by characters in the drama and consider alternative responses	Devise a play from a selected newspaper extract/ article documenting a real-life event. Choose vocabulary and movement to match the person, place and time required by their story or situation Act out improvised dramas, creating characters that are clearly different from themselves, and experiment with voice, gesture, costumes and staging Consider a target audience and how to stage a sensitive re-telling of a real-life event.	Explore and interpret ideas, issues and relationships in their drama work, and structure these using performance skills such as vocal variations. Improve and refine their acting, directing or technical sound effects contribution through the rehearsal process. Discuss the way that aural ideas are presented and represented via the method of devising, how plots are developed, and characters portrayed Use technical terms when talking or writing about dramas they have heard or participated in.	Work confidently in small groups to explore the entire plot of the play and acquire a depth of character knowledge. Experiment with their voices – specifically accent and movement, to create or present the different character's social classes and statuses throughout the play. Discuss the themes or issues in the drama and the way they were presented through the thirty-year period as the characters grow up. Reflect on and evaluate their own and other students' work, suggest improvements and use correct, basic theatre terminology	Combine their skills and knowledge of drama to structure a written answer analysing and evaluating three different moments in the musical theatre production of 'Billy Elliot'. e.g., building suspense and tension or creating comedy. Write sufficient paragraphs using key-word sentences to describe an actor's performance, using appropriate theatre conventions and terminology. Discuss the way that ideas are presented and represented, how plots are developed, and characters portrayed using actor's names and defining specific moments of action.	
Prior Knowledge Required	Y7: Physical and vocal skills Y8: Analysis of a text – Blue Remembered Hills.	Yr8: Commedia dell'Arte Yr8: Murder Mystery	Yr7: Documentary Theatre Yr8: 'Constructed Reality'	Yr7: Vocal Skills and speaking techniques Yr8: Devising Yr9: Greek Theatre – choral speaking work	Yr7: Melodrama scripts Yr8: Blue Remembered Hills Yr9: Stage Combat	Yr7: Vocal and Physical skills Yr9: Blood Brothers	
Feedback Points	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	Lesson 1: Self Reflection Lesson 2: Peer Reflection Lesson 3: Teacher mark and feedback	
Key Questions							
Direct Vocab Instruction	Chanting Whispering Singing Flocking Unison Canon Antigone	Conflict Romeo and Juliet Purpose Intent Slow motion rehearsal Status Hierarchy	Verbatim Target Audience Staging Blocking Factual accuracy	Stimulus Devising Vocal skills: Pitch / Pace / Pause/ Tone / Volume / Projection	Musical Theatre Cyclical structure Mrs Johnstone Mrs Lyons Superstition Nature Vs Nurture	Analysis Evaluation Key-Word-Sentence Live Performance Critique	
Standardised Homework	Sophocles/ Greek Theatre Research Choral Performance quiz Line Learning	Combat in Performance Research Stunt Quiz Line Learning	Verbatim Theatre Research Token Costume sourcing Line Learning	Stimulus Investigation Devising Skills Quiz Devising evaluation	1980's Liverpool Research Costume design task Plot cloze exercise	Musical theatre Research Key word sentence practice Billy Elliot quiz	

	Tern	n 1		Term 2	Term 3		
Year 10	Half Term 1	Half Term 2	Half Term 3	Half Term 4	Half Term 5	Half Term 6	
	[14 lessons]	[16 lessons]	[12 lessons]	[12 lessons]	[12 lessons]	[16 lessons]	
Topic	Skills Workshops	Practitioner Explorations	C2: Devising	C2: Devising	C1 Set Text 'Blood Brothers'	C3: 'Texts in Practice'	End Points
Skill	Skills for Devising Drama: Cross- cutting / Subtext / Chair Duets/ Hymn Hands/ Animal Studies	Stanislavski: Method Acting Brecht: Epic Theatre Berkoff: Total Theatre	Create, rehearse and evaluate ideas for an original performance inspired by a stimulus.	Perform an original performance inspired by a stimulus. Analyse and evaluate their own acting skills.	Practical exploration of Blood Brothers and written C1 question practice	Students are cast in different plays in small groups of 2-4. Character/ text interpretation. Line-learning. Effecting rehearsal planning.	
Content	Explorative workshops equipping students with the skills necessary for success in the C2 Devising component. - Cross-cutting - Subtext - Animal Studies - Frantic Assembly: Chair duets, Hymn Hands Physical Theatre - Multi-rolling - Accompaniment (SFX) - Lighting	Explorative workshops introducing students to influential and highly relevant theatrical practitioners responsible for shaping contemporary performance today. Taught in historical chronological order - Stanislavski: Naturalism - Emotion Memory, Actions and Reactions, Objectives and Obstacles, Circles of Attention, Method Acting Brecht: Epic Theatre – Narration, Third Person, Spass, Direct Address, Placards - Berkoff: Total Theatre – Physical theatre, Mask, Gesture in place of words	Students to commence the component required by the exam board: creating a piece of Devised Drama. Students learn how to create and develop ideas to communicate meaning in a devised theatrical performance. Through a series of structured rehearsal lessons, students draw on and demonstrate a practical understanding of a range of devising techniques to represent a given stimulus. Students develop their ability to: carry out research, develop their own ideas, collaborate with others, rehearse, refine and amend their work in progress.	Students continue contributing to devised drama through finalised rehearsals and in a live theatre context for an audience. They must contribute as either a performer and demonstrate a range of skills as taught previously in half-term 1 and 2. Students must draw on and demonstrate a practical understanding of the subject assessment requirements and sustain a character throughout a 15-20-minute performance. They develop their ability to create and communicate meaning and realise artistic intention in devised drama.	Revisiting the set text, Blood Brothers. - Scene studies - Character Exploration - Plot Analysis - Key Word Sentence construction - Wider context referral practice - 1950-80's Liverpudlian history - Script annotations and 'moment' analysis	Students must learn how to contribute to text-based drama in a live theatre context for an audience. Students must draw on and demonstrate a practical understanding of character interpretation, line learning and effective collaboration in rehearsals. Through a series of structured rehearsal lessons, they develop their ability to: - interpret texts - create and communicate meaning - realise artistic intention in text-based drama.	
Prior Knowledge Required	Yr8: Devising SOW Yr9: Verbatim	Vocal and Physical skills Yr9: Musical Theatre (key word sentences)	Yr8: Devising SOW Yr9: Verbatim Yr10: HT1 & HT2	Yr8: Devising SOW Yr9: Verbatim Yr10: HT1 & HT2	Yr8: BRH Scripted analysis Yr9: Blood Brothers Yr9: Live Theatre Evaluation	Vocal and Physical Skills Yr7: Melodrama Yr8: BRH	
Feedback Points	Alternating Self/ Peer and a formal teacher assessment every 3-4 lessons as required.	Alternating Self/ Peer and a formal teacher assessment every 3-4 lessons as required.	Alternating Self/ Peer and a formal teacher assessment every 3-4 lessons as required.	Formal NEA Teacher assessed performance (A02). Coursework x3 marked drafts (teacher marked feedback)	Alternating Self/ Peer and a formal teacher assessment every 3-4 lessons as required.	Alternating Self/ Peer and a formal teacher assessment every 3-4 lessons as required.	
Key Questions							
Direct Vocab Instruction	Cross-cutting Subtext Animal Studies Frantic Assembly: Chair duets, Hymn Hands. Physical Theatre Multi-rolling Accompaniment (SFX) Lighting	Stanislavski Naturalism Emotion Memory Brecht Epic Theatre Direct Adress Placards Berkoff Total Theatre Physical Theatre	Devising Stimulus Collaboration Characterisation Multi-rolling Narrative	Devising Stimulus Collaboration Characterisation Multi-rolling Narrative	Pitch Pause Pace Tone Volume Accent Body Language Facial Expressions Gesture Gait Posture Proxemics	Pitch Pause Pace Tone Volume Accent Body Language Facial Expressions Gesture Gait Posture Proxemics	
Standardised Homework	Learning lines Character research Role-on-the-wall	Learning lines Research & create placards	Stimulus research Character research Learn lines	Learn lines Section 2 CW question improvements	Role-on-the-wall Costume design Set design Lighting design	Play/character research Line learning Rehearsals after school	

	mprovements	Section 2 CW question improvements Type final draft of CW	Sound design Script annotations		
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	Ter	rm 1	•	Term 2	Term 3	
Year 11	Half Term 1 [11 lessons]	Half Term 2 [11-12 lessons]	Half Term 3 [9 lessons]	Half Term 4 [9 lessons]	Half Term 5 [9 lessons]	
Topic	C3: Texts in Practice / C1: Set Text (BB)	C3: Texts in Practice / C1: Set Text (BB)	C3: Texts in Practice Exam	C1: Understanding Drama	C1: Understanding Drama Exam	End Points
Skill	Drama Writing Technique Practical Performance skills	Drama Writing Technique Practical Performance skills	Practical skills in performing and text interpretation formally assessed by a visiting external examiner.	Practice written analysis and evaluation skills in preparation for the drama exam – both as an actor, designer and audience member	Practice written analysis and evaluation skills in preparation for the drama exam – both as an actor, designer and audience member	
Content	Revisiting the set text, Blood Brothers. - Scene studies - Character Exploration - Plot Analysis - Key Word Sentence construction - Wider context referral practice - 1950-80's Liverpudlian history - Script annotations and 'moment' analysis Students continue to contribute to text-based drama in a live theatre context for an audience. Students demonstrate a practical understanding of character interpretation, line learning and effective collaboration in rehearsals. Through a series of structured rehearsal lessons, they prepare for the acting exam.	Revisiting the set text, Blood Brothers. - Scene studies - Character Exploration - Plot Analysis - Key Word Sentence construction - Wider context referral practice - 1950-80's Liverpudlian history - Script annotations and 'moment' analysis Students continue to contribute to text-based drama in a live theatre context for an audience. Students demonstrate a practical understanding of character interpretation, line learning and effective collaboration in rehearsals. Through a series of structured rehearsal lessons, they prepare for the acting exam.	This component is a practical component in which students are assessed on their ability to apply theatrical skills to realise artistic intentions in live performance. Component 3 constitutes 20% of the GCSE. It is marked by an external examiner for AQA. For this component students complete two assessment tasks: • Study and present a key extract (monologue, duologue or group performance) • Study and present a second key extract (monologue, duologue or group performance) from the same play.	Students prepare for the written paper and cover the following components in preparation for this: In Section A students answer four multiple-choice questions on professional theatre maker roles and/or terminology. In Section B students answer short and extended questions on their set text, 'Blood Brothers' by Willy Russell. In Section C students answer one question (from a choice) on the work of theatre makers in a single live production. We make a trip to the theatre to accommodate this section of the paper.	Students prepare for the written paper and cover the following components in preparation for this: In Section A students answer four multiple-choice questions on professional theatre maker roles and/or terminology. In Section B students answer short and extended questions on their set text, 'Blood Brothers' by Willy Russell. In Section C students answer one question (from a choice) on the work of theatre makers in a single live production. We make a trip to the theatre to accommodate this section of the paper.	
Prior Knowledge Required	Vocal and Physical Skills Yr7: Melodrama Yr8: BRH Yr10: Devising Yr10: C3 introduction	Vocal and Physical Skills Yr7: Melodrama Yr8: BRH Yr9: Blood Brothers Yr10: Devising Yr10: C3 introduction	Vocal and Physical Skills Yr10: Devising Yr10: C3 introduction	Yr9: Blood Brothers Yr9: Live Theatre Evaluation SOW Yr10: Blood Brothers explorations	Yr9: Blood Brothers Yr9: Live Theatre Evaluation SOW Yr10: Blood Brothers explorations	
Feedback Points	Alternating Self/ Peer and a formal teacher assessment every 3-4 lessons as required.	Alternating Self/ Peer and a formal teacher assessment every 3-4 lessons as required.	Externally assessed practical exam – AQA examiner	Alternating Self/ Peer and a formal teacher assessment every 3-4 lessons as required.	Alternating Self/ Peer and a formal teacher assessment every 3-4 lessons as required.	
Key Questions						
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Direct Vocab	Pitch	Pitch	Artistic intentions	Pitch	Pitch
Instruction	Pause	Pause	Vocal performance skills	Pause	Pause
	Pace	Pace	Physical performance skills	Pace	Pace
	Tone	Tone		Tone	Tone
	Volume	Volume		Volume	Volume
	Accent	Accent		Accent	Accent
	Body Language	Body Language		Body Language	Body Language
	Facial Expressions	Facial Expressions		Facial Expressions	Facial Expressions
	Gesture	Gesture		Gesture	Gesture
	Gait	Gait		Gait	Gait
	Posture	Posture		Posture	Posture
	Proxemics	Proxemics		Proxemics	Proxemics
Standardised	Script annotations	Script annotations	Line learning	Script annotations	Script annotations
Homework	KWS practice	KWS practice	Character/play research	KWS practice	KWS practice
	Set design	Set design	Rehearsal out of lesson	Set design	Set design
	Costume design	Costume design		Costume design	Costume design
	Lighting design	Lighting design		Lighting design	Lighting design
	Sound design	Sound design		Sound design	Sound design
	Line learning	Line learning		Writing up Live Theatre	Practice exam questions
	Character/play research	Character/play research		notes	·
	Rehearsal out of lesson	Rehearsal out of lesson		Practice exam questions	

	Term 1		Te	rm 2	Те	Term 3	
Year 12	Half Term 1	Half Term 2	Half Term 3	Half Term 4	Half Term 5	Half Term 6	
	[24 lessons]	[24 lessons]	[18-20 lessons]	[18 lessons]	[18 lessons]	[22 lessons]	
Topic	Practitioner Skills Workshops	Practitioner Skills Workshops	C1: Devising	C1: Devising NEA Assessed	C1: Devising/ C3: Theatre	C2: Texts in Performance / C3:	End Points
				Performance	Makers in Practice	Theatre Makers in Practice	2 2
Skill	Stanislavski: Method Acting	Punchdrunk: Site Specific	Students recall prior skills and	Continued explored and	Analysis and critical theoretical	Continued revision and	
	Brecht: Epic Theatre	Artaud: Absurdism	select a practitioner style to	application of practical skills.	approach to a classical and a	exploration of two set texts.	
	Berkoff: Total Theatre	Complicite: Mask work	devise an original piece of	Written coursework drafting.	contemporary set text.	Casting in a group	
			drama.			performance of a text.	
Content	Explorative workshops	Explorative workshops	Devise an original	Students embark upon the	Students read their	Students continue to prepare	
	reintroducing students to	reintroducing students to more	performance piece. Use one	second part to the devised	contemporary set text: 'Colder	their written responses for	
	influential and highly relevant	contemporary and alternative	key extract from a	assessment:	Than Here' by Laura Wade.	questions on their two set	
	theatrical practitioners responsible for shaping contemporary	(Avant-garde) influential and highly relevant theatrical	performance text and a	- Constructing their	They begin preparing for the	texts.	
	performance today. Taught in	practitioners responsible for	theatre practitioner as stimuli.	coursework portfolio (60	written exam requiring		
	historical chronological order.	shaping contemporary	Students attend a theatre trip	marks, 40 marks assessing	answering two extended	Students will also be cast into	
	instance on an area green area.	performance today. Students will	to watch live theatre to	AO1 and 20 marks assessing	response questions based on	small groups and tasked with	
	- Stanislavski: Emotion Memory,	practically and theoretically	provide a stimulus source for	AO4). It is handwritten/typed	an unseen extract from the	a performance realisation of	
	Actions and Reactions, Objectives	explore alternative performance	this component.	evidence between 2500–3000	performance text. Students will	one key extract from a	
	and Obstacles, Circles of Attention,	styles.		words, drafting during lesson	learn how to demonstrate how	published performance text of	
	Method Acting.		Students practically devise a	time.	they intend to realise the	about 25-30 minutes in	
	- Brecht: Epic Theatre – Narration,	- <u>Punchdrunk:</u> Site	15–20-minute piece through a	- Students also continue	extract in performance.	length.	
	Third Person, Spass, Direct Address,	specific/ site	series of structured rehearsal	contributing towards the		Students will also consider a	
	Placards - Berkoff: Total Theatre – Physical	sympathetic spaces - Artaud: Theatre of the	lessons.	devised performance	Students also read their	monologue or duologue	
	theatre, Mask, Gesture in place of	absurd.		realisation and perform to a	classical text, 'Woyzeck' by	performance realisation from	
	words	- Complicite: Trestle		live audience on at least one	Georg Buchner. They will re-	one key extract from a	
		masks and movement-		occasion.	imagine their own production	different performance text	
		based performance			concept communicating ideas	and commence rehearsals for	
		awareness.			to a contemporary audience.	both of these practical tasks.	

Prior Knowledge	Yr10: Practitioner explorations	Yr10: Practitioner explorations	Yr10: Devising Vocal and Physical skills	Yr10: Devising Vocal and Physical skills	They will write a response influenced by Brechtian methodology and demonstrate an awareness of the performance text in its original performance conditions: 1915 Germany. Yr10: Devising Yr11: C1 Understanding Drama	Yr11: C3 Texts in Practice Yr11: C1 Understanding
Required Feedback Points	Alternating Self/ Peer and a formal teacher assessment every 3-4 lessons as required.	Alternating Self/ Peer and a formal teacher assessment every 3-4 lessons as required.	Alternating Self/ Peer and a formal teacher assessment every 3-4 lessons as required.	Formal NEA Teacher assessed performance (A02). Coursework x3 marked drafts (teacher marked feedback)	Alternating Self/ Peer and a formal teacher assessment every 3-4 lessons as required.	Drama Alternating Self/ Peer and a formal teacher assessment every 3-4 lessons as required.
Key Questions						
Direct Vocab Instruction	Emotion Memory, Actions and Reactions, Objectives and Obstacles, Circles of Attention, Method Acting. Epic Theatre – Narration, Third Person, Spass, Direct Address, Placards, Verfremdungseffekt, Total Theatre – Physical theatre, Mask, Gesture in place of words	Site specific/ site sympathetic spaces, Theatre of the absurd. Trestle masks and movement-based performance awareness.	Devising Stimulus Collaboration Characterisation Multi-rolling Narrative Practitioner methodologies Social/ Historical/ Cultural awareness	Devising Stimulus Collaboration Characterisation Multi-rolling Narrative Practitioner methodologies Social/ Historical/ Cultural awareness	Parcan Focus Non-diegetic sound Diegetic sound Barn doors Follow spot Atmospheric	Directorial concept Thematic construction Proletariat Residenztheater Expressionism
Standardised Homework	Practitioner research Line learning	Practitioner research Line learning	Plot research Character research Rehearsal out of lesson	Plot research Character research Rehearsal out of lesson Typing up coursework	Script annotations KWS practice Practice exam questions	Script annotations KWS practice Practice exam questions

	Terr	n 1	Те	erm 2	Term 3	
Year 13	Half Term 1	Half Term 2	Half Term 3	Half Term 4	Half Term 5	
	[24 lessons]	[24 lessons]	[18-20 lessons]	[18 lessons]	[18 lessons]	
Topic	C2: Texts in Performance / C3:	C2: Texts in Performance / C3:	C2: Texts in Performance	C3: Theatre Makers in	C3: Theatre Makers in Practice	End Points
	Theatre Makers in Practice	Theatre Makers in Practice	Exam	Practice	Exam	2.1.0.1.0.1.10
Skill	Continued revision and	Casting in a group	Examination of practical skills	Analysis and critical	Analysis and critical theoretical	
	exploration of two set	performance of a text.	explored and rehearsed so far.	theoretical approach to a	approach to a classical and a	
	texts.Casting in a group	Visit to theatre for Section A:		classical and a contemporary	contemporary set text.	
	performance of a text.	Live Theatre Review		set text.		
Content	Students continue to prepare	Students watch a live theatre	Students prepare for their	Section A: Students recall and	Section A: Students recall and	
	their written responses for	performance and practice	external exam and are	reflect upon the live theatre	reflect upon the live theatre	
	questions on their two set texts.	their skills in audience	required to read and research	performance watched	performance watched	
	Students will continue	awareness and analysis of a	their chosen extracts.	previously and practice their	previously and practice their	
	rehearsing with their designated	professional actor.	Demonstrate an	skills in audience awareness	skills in audience awareness	
	small groups tasked with a		understanding of the social,	and analysis of a professional	and analysis of a professional	
	performance realisation of one	Students will continue	historical and cultural	actor.	actor.	
	key extract from a published	rehearsing with their	contexts, style and genres,			

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	performance text of about 25-	designated small groups	thematic content,	Section B: Students continue	Section B: Students continue	
	30 minutes in length.	tasked with a performance	contemporary practice and	preparing for the written	preparing for the written exam	
	Students will also continue	realisation of one key extract	theatre makers. They will	exam requiring answering two	requiring answering two	
	rehearsing their previously	from a published performance	develop textual understanding	extended response questions	extended response questions	
	allocated monologue or	text of about 25-30 minutes in	to communicate well-	based on an unseen extract	based on an unseen extract	
	duologue performance	length.	considered and coherent	from the performance text.	from the performance text.	
	realisation from one key extract	Students will also continue	interpretations of text in	Students will learn how to	Students will learn how to	
	from a different performance	rehearsing their previously	performance. Students will	demonstrate how they intend	demonstrate how they intend	
	text and commence rehearsals	allocated monologue or	also know how performance	to realise the extract in	to realise the extract in	
	for both of these practical tasks.	duologue performance	texts are constructed to	performance and design	performance and design	
		realisation from one key	convey meaning through style,			
		extract.	structure, language and stage	Section C: Students also	Section C: Students also	
			directions, character	continue studying their	continue studying their classical	
			construction and	classical text, 'Woyzeck' by	text, 'Woyzeck' by Georg	
			interpretation, use of	Georg Buchner. They will re-	Buchner. They will re-imagine	
			performance space and spatial	imagine their own production	their own production concept	
			relationships on stage.	concept communicating ideas	communicating ideas to a	
				to a contemporary audience.	contemporary audience.	
Prior	Yr11: C3 Texts in Practice	Yr11: C3 Texts in Practice	Yr11: C3 Texts in Practice	Yr11: C1 Understanding	Yr11: C1 Understanding Drama	
Knowledge	Yr11: C1 Understanding Drama	Yr11: C1 Understanding	Yr11: C1 Understanding	Drama	Yr12: Set text study	
Required	Yr12: Set text study	Drama	Drama	Yr12: Set text study		
		Yr12: Set text study	Yr12: Set text study			
Feedback	Alternating Self/ Peer and a	Alternating Self/ Peer and a	Externally assessed practical	Alternating Self/ Peer and a	Alternating Self/ Peer and a	
Points	formal teacher assessment	formal teacher assessment	exam – EDEXCEL examiner	formal teacher assessment	formal teacher assessment	
	every 3-4 lessons as required.	every 3-4 lessons as required.		every 3-4 lessons as required.	every 3-4 lessons as required.	
Key Questions						
Direct Vocab	Parcan	Parcan	Parcan	Parcan	Parcan	
Instruction	Focus	Focus	Focus	Focus	Focus	
	Non-diegetic sound	Non-diegetic sound	Non-diegetic sound	Non-diegetic sound	Non-diegetic sound	
	Diegetic sound	Diegetic sound	Diegetic sound	Diegetic sound	Diegetic sound	
	Barn doors	Barn doors	Barn doors	Barn doors	Barn doors	
	Follow spot	Follow spot	Follow spot	Follow spot	Follow spot	
	Atmospheric	Atmospheric	Atmospheric	Atmospheric	Atmospheric	
	Directorial concept	Directorial concept	Directorial concept	Directorial concept	Directorial concept	
	Thematic construction	Thematic construction	Thematic construction	Thematic construction	Thematic construction	
	Proletariat	Proletariat	Proletariat	Proletariat	Proletariat	
	Residenztheater	Residenztheater	Residenztheater	Residenztheater	Residenztheater	
	Expressionism	Expressionism	Expressionism	Expressionism	Expressionism	
Standardised	Rehearsal out of lesson	Rehearsal out of lesson	Rehearsal out of lesson	Script annotations	Script annotations	
Homework				1 '	· ·	
	Line learning	Line learning	Line learning	KWS practice	KWS practice	
	Script annotations	Script annotations		Writing up Live Theatre	Practice exam questions	
	KWS practice	KWS practice		notes		
	Practice exam questions	Practice exam questions		Practice exam questions		